QVESTION

CQNCERNING

The great and weightie Assairs of the whole Kingdome.

SHEWING,

How Lawes are to be understood, and Obedience yeelded?

Also an Answer to the aforesaid Question, necessary for the present state of things touching the Militim.

Published for the good of the Common-weal.



Printed for John Goal. 2642.

MOLECEVO

Le great and verglier ausairs of

ove La restate on optioners and Office

en la companya de la compa

in media on the fitting keeps of

Tipodi - Themail



Q V E S T-I-Q N

Question! I of i of one

when forraign forces threaten, and propably are invited, and a malignant and Popish party at home offended? The Devil hath cast a bone and raised a contestation between the King and Parliament touching the Militia.

His Maiesty claims the disposing of it to be in Him by right of Law; The Partiament saith rebus sic stantibus, and nolenti Rege, the Ordering of it is in them?

of wording adults if was adi Answer



Answer.

Hich Question, may receive its solution by this distinction. That there is in Laws an equitable, and a litterall sence. His Majesty (let it be granted) is intrusted by Law with the Militia, but it's for the good and prefervation of the Republique, against Fortaign Invasions, or Domestique Rebellions.

For it-cannot be supposed, that the Parliament would ever by Law intrust the King with the Militia against themselves, or the Common wealth, that intrusts them to provide for their Weal, not for their woe.

so that when there is certain appearance grounded suspition, that the Letter of the Law shall be improved a gainst

446

gainst the Equity of it (that is, the publique good, whether of the body reals or representative) then the Commander going against its Equity, gives Liberty to the Commanded to refuse Obedience to the Letter: for the Law taken abstract from its originals reason and end, is made a shell without a kernell, a shadow without a substance, and a body without a soul. It is the Execution of Laws according to their Equity and Reason, which (as I may say) is the spirit that gives life to Authority, the Letter kills.

Nor need this Fanity be expressed in the Law, being so Naturally implyed and supposed in all Laws that are not meetly Imperiall, from that Analogy, which all bodies politique hold with the Naturall; whence all Government and Covernors borrow a proportionable Respect; And therfore when the Militia of an Army is committed to the General, it is not with any expresse

A 3

cen-

sondiers; for that is fo Naturally and necessarily implyed, that its meddesse to be expressed, insomuch as it he did attempt or command such a thing a gainst the nature of his trust and place, it did ipso sales estate the Army, in a right of disobadience, except we think that obedience binds Men to, cut their own throats, or their companions.

And indeed if this definition-be not allowed, then the Legall and mixt Monarchy is the greatest Tiranny, for if Laws invest the King in an absolute power, and the letter be fibe costroled by the equity, then whereas other Kings that are absolute Mozarcks and rule by will, and not by Law, are Tyrants perforce. Those that rule by Law and not by will, have hereby a Tirary confer'd upon them legally, and fo the very end of Laws, which is to give bounds and limits to the exorbitant wills of Princes, is by the Laws disapointed, for they hereby give corrobaration (and much more Iustification to an arbitrary Tyranny, by making it legall, not affumed, which Laws are ordained to craffe not countenance. and

and therefore is the latter (where it feems absolute) alwayes to receive quallification from the Equity, else the forfaid absurdity must follow.

Published for the good of the Common-



FINIS

